

FINE FEATHER PRESS

Fine Feather Press is an independent natural history publishing company founded by naturalists Caz Buckingham and Andrea Pinnington. It produces imaginative nature books to encourage children to get outside and to inspire them to protect its future. For more information about the frontlist and backlist or with any general enquiries, please use the contact details below.

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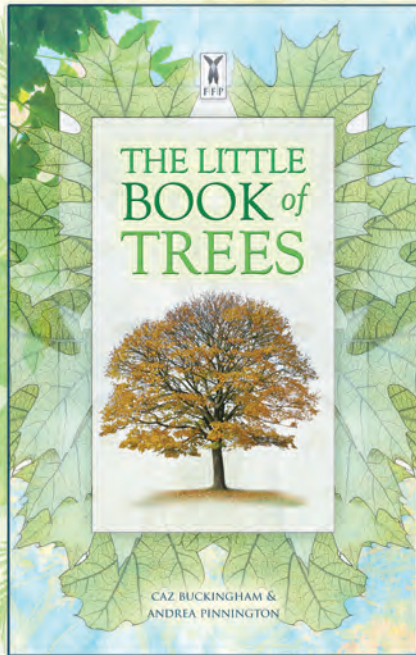
FINE FEATHER PRESS

AUTUMN 2019

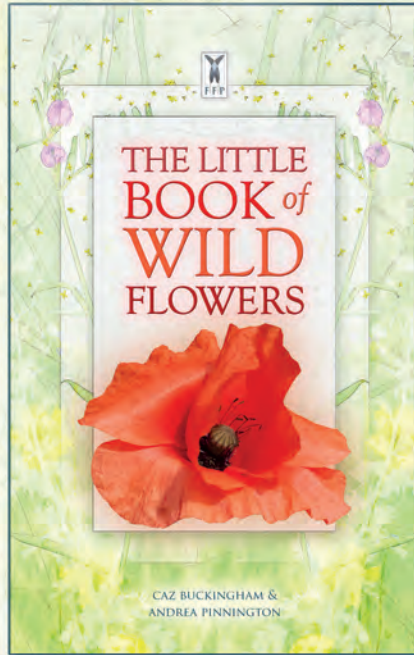


FOR EVERYONE WHO LOVES NATURE

THE LITTLE BOOK OF SERIES



978-1-908489-38-8 • Spring 2019

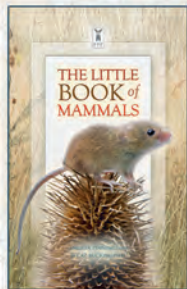


978-1-908489-44-9 • Spring 2021

This informative and beautifully illustrated series provides a window onto the world of nature and forms the foundation of a first nature library which every family should own. The books feature the most common European species and are packed with fascinating facts and stunning images of wildlife and plantlife.

The Little Book of Trees has been created with the help of eminent silvologist, Dr Gabriel Hemery while *The Little Book of Wild Flowers* is being published in association with Dr Trevor Dines and Plantlife.

205 x 138 mm • 144 pages • Hardback • 6 years + • £7.99



FRUIT GALLERY

Being a flower, or a tree, is all about getting pollinated. Once this has been achieved, it is time to turn into a fruit. Being a fruit is all about protecting the seed or seeds inside and then helping them become young. You may think of fruit as succulent flesh, but this gallery displays some of their other varied forms.

QUINCE	MEDLAR	FIG	HORSE CHESTNUT	HEDGECOCK	LONDON PLANE
ROWAN	ELDER	WILD CHERRY	WALNUT	PEDUNCULATE OAK	HAZEL
BLACKTHORN	SPISTLE	MULBERRY	ASH	SYCAMORE	WYCH ELM
			BLACK LOCUST		

ASH

Fraxinus excelsior

If you look to the sky, you will be able to see the sky. Its light, open canopy allows flowers such as bluebells and wild garlic to flourish underneath. Ash flowers in clumps, and flowers will show its roots hanging search out nutrients. Its leaves are among the last to open in spring and the first to fall in autumn.

Ash wood is light-colored and incredibly tough and used to be popular for making tool handles. Recently ash trees have come under severe attack from oak bark beetle disease caused by a fungus and few trees are likely to remain unaffected.

BUTTS
It is a common sight to see ash trees cut down by the wind-blown bark beetle. There is a lot of ash wood in the UK, but it is not a very long-lived tree.

KEYS
The winged keys, which are found in the autumn, are a sign of the tree's maturity. They are made of wood and are very hard to break. They are found in the autumn and are a sign of the tree's maturity.

WILDLIFE
The woodpecker is a common bird to be seen in the ash wood. It is a very hardy bird and is found in the ash wood. It is a very hardy bird and is found in the ash wood.

MEADOW BUTTERCUP

Ranunculus acris

THIS IS THE TALLEST member of the buttercup family in broad leaved areas with joyful yellow flowers are found in fields throughout the UK from spring through summer. A double variety common in gardens grows under the name of yellow bell-bell's buttercup.

The scientific name *ranunculus* means little frog, probably because frogs and meadow buttercups like to inhabit the same wet or damp grassy places. Acris means bitter taste and is due to the poisonous chemical contained with the sap of this plant which can cause stomach upsets in grazing animals.

INSECTS
The larvae of the meadow butterfly are found on the leaves of the meadow buttercup. They are found on the leaves of the meadow buttercup.

SEEDS
The seeds of the meadow buttercup are found in the soil. They are found in the soil.

WHAT'S THE DIFFERENCE?
The meadow buttercup is a very hardy plant. It is found in the soil.

PEDUNCULATE OAK

Quercus robur

Also known as the English or common oak, this mighty tree grows wide, tall and deep and may live for over a thousand years. It was once a sacred tree around which people would worship, and for centuries the fine timber has been valued for making houses, boats and furniture as well as for fuel and charcoal.

Oak trees are often treated and grafted and are commonly seen with broken branches or hollowed-out trunks. Many other trees would die if damaged like this, but the oak's chemistry allows it to ward off potential invaders such as insects, fungi and diseases.

LEAVES
A pedunculate oak leaf is a simple leaf with a central vein and a few smaller veins. The leaves are a bright green color and are found in the autumn. They are found in the autumn.

WILDLIFE
A single oak tree will provide shelter, food and a place to nest for many different species of birds. The acorns are a very hard nut, especially for mammals such as foxes, squirrels and mice and are eaten by many different species of birds.

FACTILE
The acorn is a fruit of the oak tree. It is a very hard nut and is found in the autumn. It is a very hard nut and is found in the autumn.

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FOXGLOVE

Digitalis purpurea

With flowers of rose, purple and occasionally white, the lofty foxglove is quick to grow in cleared or disturbed areas where sunlight is reaching readily. It takes two years for a foxglove to complete its life cycle - in the first year grows leaves and roots and, in the second, a tall stem bearing flowers.

All parts of a foxglove are poisonous, especially the leaves. These contain a substance called digitalin which, in tiny amounts, is used to produce a medicine to help people with heart disease. If too much is taken, it can cause sickness and even death.

FLOWERS
The flowers of the foxglove are found in the autumn. They are found in the autumn.

POLLINATION
The flowers of the foxglove are found in the autumn. They are found in the autumn.

SEEDS
The seeds of the foxglove are found in the soil. They are found in the soil.



SOUND BOOK SERIES



978-1-908489-39-5

THE LITTLE BOOK OF RAINFOREST ANIMAL SOUNDS

“It just goes to prove that you are never too old for a board book - or a sound book for that matter.” The Bookbag

With over 350,000 copies sold worldwide, these natural history sound books have been an instant hit captivating both young and old alike. *The Little Book of Rainforest Animal Sounds* is the latest addition and features a wealth of interesting facts, stunning photographs and incredible sounds. This really is an inspiring collection of nature books for all the family to share and enjoy.

April 2019 • 210 x 225 mm • 26 pages • Board book & sound bar • 3 years + • £12.99



ALREADY PUBLISHED



978-1-908489-25-8



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978-1-908489-36-4



978-1-908489-42-5



978-1-908489-45-6

THE LITTLE BOOK OF DINOSAUR SOUNDS

CONSULTANT: Dr Thomas E Williamson

Rumble! Hiss! Squawk! Thwack! Travel back 65 million years and beyond to find out what these extraordinary giant creatures sounded like. At the touch of a button, you can unleash 12 incredible dinosaur sounds specially created in collaboration with leading paleontologist Dr Thomas E Williamson based on the latest paleo-acoustic research.

The Little Book of Dinosaur Sounds features many of old favourites as well as some intriguing new discoveries. The final line up includes stegosaurus, allosaurus, apatosaurus, velociraptor, sinosauropteryx, carnotaurus, parasaurolophus, deinocheirus, pachycephalosaur, triceratops, tyrannosaurus and ankylosaurus.

The artwork, text and sounds work together to bring this lost world to life making this the perfect book for all young dinosaur enthusiasts.

June 2020 • 210 x 225 mm • 26 pages • Board book & sound bar • 3 years + • £12.99

ALLOSAURUS

ALLOSAURUS WAS THE DEADLIEST dinosaur around in the late Jurassic world, some 150 million years ago. This meat-eater was made for hunting with its massive head and neck, razor-sharp teeth and fearsome claws – perfect for gripping its prey. *Allosaurus* could move swiftly on its two legs, unlike the heavy four-legged *Stegosaurus* and *Apatosaurus* which were around at the same time.

HOW YOU SAY IT: Al-oh-saw-rus
 NAME MEANS: Strange lizard
 ATE: Meat
 LIVED: 157 to 150 mya (Late Jurassic)
 HABITAT: Forests and flood plains
 GREW TO: 9 m long and 3 m tall
 FOSSILS FOUND IN: North America, Europe, Africa

SINOSAUROPTERYX

IN 1996, A FARMER IN China found the remains of a bird-like creature called *Sinosauropteryx*. These were the first dinosaur fossils to show traces of simple feathers, which were probably used for keeping warm and for display. Instead of flying, this nimble dinosaur ran along forest floors, hunting small animals and possibly making bird-like squawking noises like these ones.

HOW YOU SAY IT: Sine-oh-saw-rop-ter-icks
 NAME MEANS: Chinese dragon bird
 ATE: Meat
 LIVED: 125 mya (Early Cretaceous)
 HABITAT: FORESTS
 GREW TO: Up to 1 m long and 30 cm tall
 FOSSILS FOUND IN: ASIA

TRICERATOPS

WITH THREE SHARP HORNS and an impressive bony neck plate, *Triceratops* could defend itself against some of the most fearsome meat-eaters. This was one of the largest horned dinosaurs, and fossils suggest it lived in herds in North America. Here it grazed on fern-like plants, breaking them off with its beak and then chewing them using its powerful jaw muscles and teeth.

HOW YOU SAY IT: Try-ter-oh-tops
 NAME MEANS: Three-horned face
 ATE: Plants
 LIVED: 68 to 66 mya (Late Cretaceous)
 HABITAT: Forests
 GREW TO: 9 m long and 3 m tall
 FOSSILS FOUND IN: North America



978-1-908489-40-1

WHAT'S THAT GARDEN BIRD?

Garden birds are a perennially popular subject but what makes this book even more special is the birdspotting wheel accompanying it. This double-sided splash-proof chart (housed in an inside pocket) features 44 garden birds and is a brilliant tool for identifying them quickly and easily – simply pop it in your bag for trips outside. The accompanying guide book is full of tips on what to look out for as well as wonderfully clear individual bird profile pages.

Oct 2019 • 250 x 250 mm • 64 pages • Casebound book with pocket housing robust, splashproof ID wheel • 7+ years • £12.99



Double-sided birdspotting wheel

GENERAL COLOUR
How to use this book as a reference to identify a bird of the garden.
The most common garden birds are listed in this book. Here are some pointers for those who are not familiar with the garden birds listed in this book. The birds are listed in order of their overall appearance, with the most common birds at the top and the least common at the bottom. The birds are listed in order of their overall appearance, with the most common birds at the top and the least common at the bottom.

HOW TO IDENTIFY BIRDS OVERALL APPEARANCE
To identify a bird, it is necessary to examine a part of the whole. The most common garden birds are listed in this book. Here are some pointers for those who are not familiar with the garden birds listed in this book. The birds are listed in order of their overall appearance, with the most common birds at the top and the least common at the bottom.

MALE OR FEMALE?
When you are looking at a bird, it is important to know whether it is a male or a female. The most common garden birds are listed in this book. Here are some pointers for those who are not familiar with the garden birds listed in this book. The birds are listed in order of their overall appearance, with the most common birds at the top and the least common at the bottom.

UP IN THE AIR
Birds in flight are often easier to identify than when they are on the ground. The most common garden birds are listed in this book. Here are some pointers for those who are not familiar with the garden birds listed in this book. The birds are listed in order of their overall appearance, with the most common birds at the top and the least common at the bottom.

WING SHAPE
The shape of a bird's wings is a key feature for identification. The most common garden birds are listed in this book. Here are some pointers for those who are not familiar with the garden birds listed in this book. The birds are listed in order of their overall appearance, with the most common birds at the top and the least common at the bottom.

FIELD MARKINGS
Many garden birds have distinctive markings on their bodies. The most common garden birds are listed in this book. Here are some pointers for those who are not familiar with the garden birds listed in this book. The birds are listed in order of their overall appearance, with the most common birds at the top and the least common at the bottom.

FEEDINGS
Different birds have different feeding habits. The most common garden birds are listed in this book. Here are some pointers for those who are not familiar with the garden birds listed in this book. The birds are listed in order of their overall appearance, with the most common birds at the top and the least common at the bottom.

SPRING ARRIVALS
Many garden birds return to the garden in the spring. The most common garden birds are listed in this book. Here are some pointers for those who are not familiar with the garden birds listed in this book. The birds are listed in order of their overall appearance, with the most common birds at the top and the least common at the bottom.

BIRD BEHAVIOUR
Birds exhibit a variety of behaviours in the garden. The most common garden birds are listed in this book. Here are some pointers for those who are not familiar with the garden birds listed in this book. The birds are listed in order of their overall appearance, with the most common birds at the top and the least common at the bottom.

THE SOUND OF BIRDS
Many garden birds have distinctive sounds. The most common garden birds are listed in this book. Here are some pointers for those who are not familiar with the garden birds listed in this book. The birds are listed in order of their overall appearance, with the most common birds at the top and the least common at the bottom.

CONTACT CALLS
Birds use contact calls to communicate with each other. The most common garden birds are listed in this book. Here are some pointers for those who are not familiar with the garden birds listed in this book. The birds are listed in order of their overall appearance, with the most common birds at the top and the least common at the bottom.

ALARM CALLS
Birds use alarm calls to warn others of danger. The most common garden birds are listed in this book. Here are some pointers for those who are not familiar with the garden birds listed in this book. The birds are listed in order of their overall appearance, with the most common birds at the top and the least common at the bottom.

BIGGING CALLS
Birds use bigging calls to attract mates. The most common garden birds are listed in this book. Here are some pointers for those who are not familiar with the garden birds listed in this book. The birds are listed in order of their overall appearance, with the most common birds at the top and the least common at the bottom.

WINTER FLOCKING
Many garden birds flock together in the winter. The most common garden birds are listed in this book. Here are some pointers for those who are not familiar with the garden birds listed in this book. The birds are listed in order of their overall appearance, with the most common birds at the top and the least common at the bottom.

THE BIRDWATCHING YEAR
This chart shows the key events of the birdwatching year. The most common garden birds are listed in this book. Here are some pointers for those who are not familiar with the garden birds listed in this book. The birds are listed in order of their overall appearance, with the most common birds at the top and the least common at the bottom.

WINTER - SPRING
This chart shows the key events of the winter and spring months. The most common garden birds are listed in this book. Here are some pointers for those who are not familiar with the garden birds listed in this book. The birds are listed in order of their overall appearance, with the most common birds at the top and the least common at the bottom.

FAMILY: FINCHES
KEY FACTS
Length: 13 cm
Weight: 15 g
Breeds: 2 per year
In UK: Throughout

LOOK/LISTEN FOR
Whistle
Singing
Chattering flight call
Flies feeding on seedheads in autumn and winter

VOICE
The goldfinch has a very distinctive sound. The most common garden birds are listed in this book. Here are some pointers for those who are not familiar with the garden birds listed in this book. The birds are listed in order of their overall appearance, with the most common birds at the top and the least common at the bottom.

IN THE GARDEN
The goldfinch is a very common garden bird. The most common garden birds are listed in this book. Here are some pointers for those who are not familiar with the garden birds listed in this book. The birds are listed in order of their overall appearance, with the most common birds at the top and the least common at the bottom.

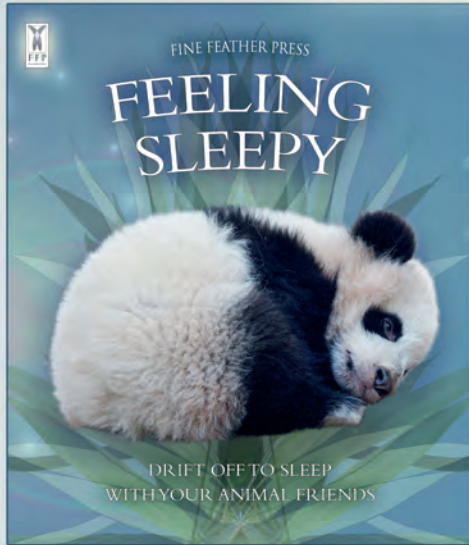
FAMILY: FINCHES
KEY FACTS
Length: 11 cm
Weight: 10 g
Breeds: 2 per year
In UK: Throughout

LOOK/LISTEN FOR
Singing
Chattering flight call
Flies feeding on seedheads in autumn and winter

VOICE
The siskin has a very distinctive sound. The most common garden birds are listed in this book. Here are some pointers for those who are not familiar with the garden birds listed in this book. The birds are listed in order of their overall appearance, with the most common birds at the top and the least common at the bottom.

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PICTURE BOOKS



978-1-908489-46-3



978-1-908489-47-0

"People who say they sleep like a baby, don't have one..."

Anonymous

A debut picture book series from Fine Feather Press designed to promote feelings of well-being and confidence in preschool children.

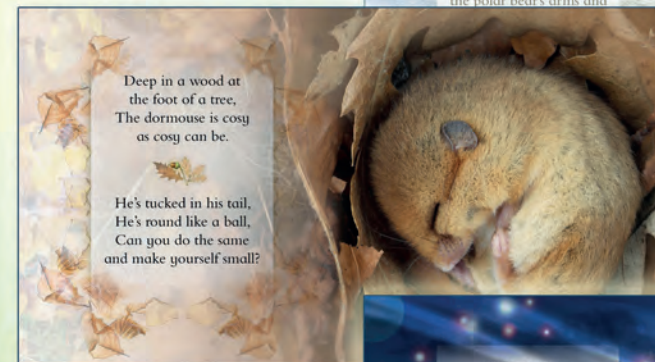
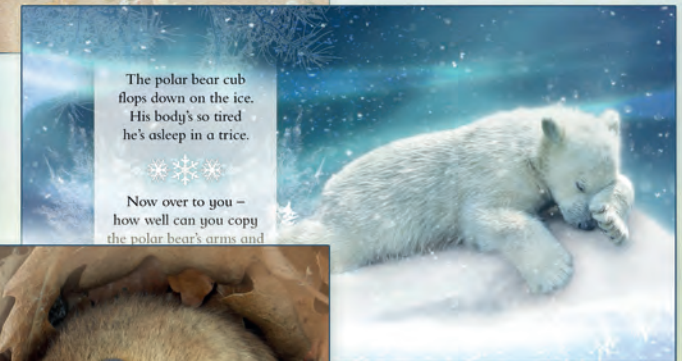
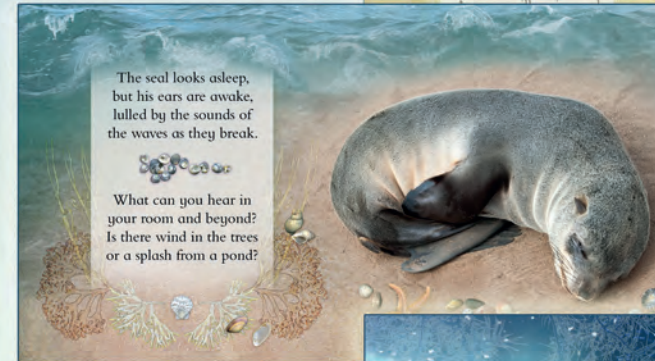
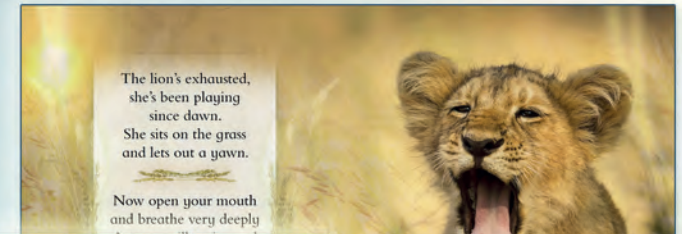
Feeling Sleepy is based on effective relaxation techniques for toddlers, helping to make going to bed a calming daily ritual. Through the world of animals, children are invited to copy a sequence of sleep-inducing actions, encouraging them to nod off quickly and easily.

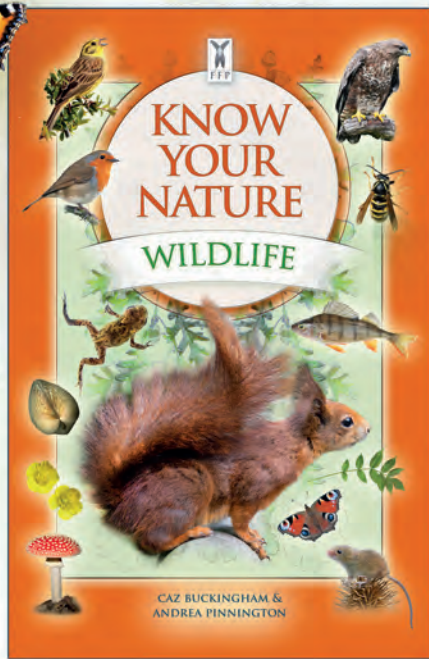
What's for Dinner? tackles the thorny issue of mealtimes and encourages children not to be fussy eaters. In a light-hearted manner, it charts the food choices and healthy eating habits of a selection of adorable young animals exhorting kids to follow their example.

Twinkly touch and feel elements enhance the magical quality of each book and help to soothe restless children.

CONSULTANT: Dr Sue Robson

August 2020 • 165 x 180 mm • 14 pages • Board book • 1 year + • £6.99





978-1-908489-37-1



KNOW YOUR NATURE: BRITISH WILDLIFE

Being able to recognise even the most common plants and animals is a skill that is rapidly disappearing. This handy and beautifully illustrated guide addresses that problem by featuring the top 10 types of animal and plant that everyone should know including garden birds, waterbirds, insects, mammals, trees, wild flowers, sealife, fish, butterflies, fungi, reptiles and amphibians. It is perfect for children of all ages as well as older people who want to brush up on their nature knowledge, too. Know your nature? Now you will.

Oct 2018 • 240 x 165 mm • 32 pages • Hardback • 3+ years • £6.99



LET'S LOOK FOR SERIES



These fun-filled nature activity books feature plants and animals to find, fascinating facts, over 30 stickers and a fold-out sticker play scene. They are ideal for enticing children outside and giving them something to do and they also back up key science and nature topics taught at school. The series builds into a collectible set of first wildlife books which conform to European Toy Safety Directive requirements.

290 x 210 mm • 18 pages • Paperback • Stickers & fold-out play scene • 3+ years • £4.99



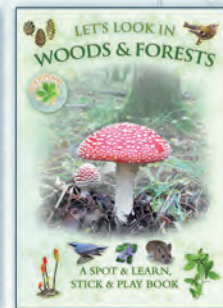
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978-1-908489-07-4



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978-1-908489-04-3



978-1-908489-23-4



978-1-908489-24-1



SCRAPBOOK



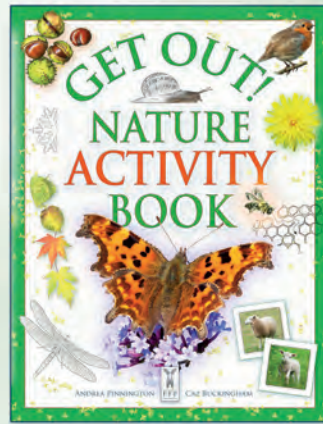
978-1-908489-26-5

A modern-day must have adventure book for all inquisitive children. Each page invites you to search, explore and gather things from the natural world. Once finished, you will have a wonderful record of the time you spend outside.

300 x 250 mm • 80 pages • Hardback
Elastic closure • 7+ years • £12.99



GET OUT!



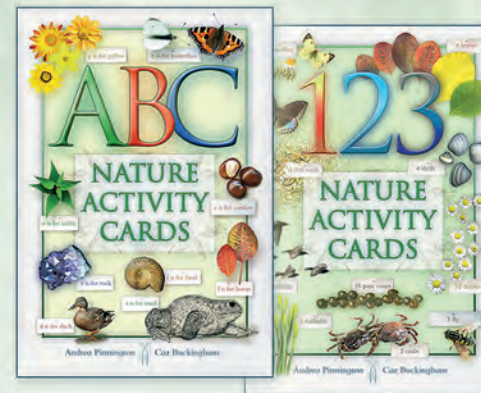
978-1-908489-29-6

Draw! Colour! Play! An enchanting nature book for busy little fingers. Explore the seasons with activities and games including mazes, riddles, quizzes, pictures to colour in and with engaging wildlife facts to discover along the way.

290 x 222 mm • 64 pages
Paperback • 5 to 10 years • £6.99



NATURE ACTIVITY CARDS



978-1-908489-03-6

978-1-908489-09-8

These flashcards are for parents who want to foster a love of nature in their children from an early age. Each title features activities based on key preschool concepts that are perfect for teaching and reinforcing early learning.

192 x 134 x 26 mm • £9.99 (inc VAT)
Boxed sets with 26 fold-out cards • 2 to 5 years

WALL FRIEZE



978-1-908489-10-4

Children will have fun learning their ABC with this fabulous wall frieze as well as hunting for the hidden objects on each letter panel. It is the perfect way to decorate a child's nursery or a reception classroom and it comes in seven panels.

205 x 255 x 6 mm • £6.99 (inc VAT)
7 panels of 500 mm x 200 mm (total length 3.5 m)



Each pack has a fold-out scene, sticker sheets, reusable stickers, and a nature ID guide. They encourage imaginative play and will keep children amused for hours.

270 x 156 mm • 2 sticker sheets + fold out play scene + ID card • 3+ years • £3.50 (inc VAT)

Butterflies: 978-1-908489-16-6 • Garden Birds: 978-1-908489-15-9 • Wild Flowers: 978-1-908489-17-3
Garden Wildlife: 978-1-908489-18-0 • Woods & Forests: 978-1-908489-22-7 • Ponds & Rivers: 978-1-908489-21-0
Seashore: 978-1-908489-19-7 • Farm: 978-1-908489-20-3